

ed with the matters herein recited, and

FIRST SESSION OF THE EIGHTH LEG

Tuesday, March 7

On the meeting of the house to-day several petitions and reports were presented. On motion of Hon. Mr. McMillan the house went into Committee of the Whole to consider a bill "to authorize the raising, by way of a loan, certain sums of money required for the public service." In the discussion which followed, which was an animated one, Messrs. Martin, Macdonald, Frame, and the Hon. Mr. McMillan took part. The motion

The third reading was then put, the yeas and nays were taken—  
For—Hons. Messrs. Greeney, Cameron, Sifton, Watson and McCallum.  
Aye—Messrs. Hettie, Mickle, Colclough,  
McGowan, McKinnon, Macdonald,  
Dunlop, Graham, Moore, Smith, Gordon,  
E. Winkler, V. Winkler, Duncan,  
Bird, McNaught, Ironside, Myers,  
and others.  
Against—Messrs. Fraser, Frame,  
Lyons, Pare, Davidson, MacPadd,  
Macdonald, Macleod, Armstrong,  
Kjellet and Hartman—1.  
The bill was read accordingly the third  
time, after notice of introducing some  
other bills, introduction of others, and the  
reading of certain bills the second time,  
the speaker adjourned until the evening.  
On the speaker taking the chair in the  
evening, the usual routine business con-  
sisting on standing orders was presented,  
his routine business having been dis-  
posed of, Mr. Martin moved that the  
House do now consider the following res-  
olution for a better system of compiling  
the electoral lists. After speaking to the  
motion it was put, the voting being as  
follows:  
YEAS—Messrs. Fisher, Frame, Lyons,  
Pare, Davidson, Macdonald, Martin,

Mr. Fisher then moved for a readjustment of the electoral divisions; mainly referring ~~had to the~~ <sup>to the</sup> erection of two additional counties, and that the committee referred to select committee of the members, each side being equally represented. Mr. Fisher spoke at some length on this subject.

Mr. Sifton, replying on behalf of the government, stated that if the motion were adopted it would be a step in the direction being simply for a better system of distribution it might have been accomplished.

A lengthy discussion followed, in which Messrs. Macdonald, Martin, McNaughton, and Macdonald, and Messrs. Macdonald and Macdonald took part. Mr. Fisher having voted, the motion was put and lost, by a vote of 21 to 15.

The following motion moved for a detailed statement of the expenditure of the \$1,200,000 loan negotiated by the province in 1905. Any sums in excess of such sum as \$1,500,000 less the sum of any of such sum of \$1,500,000 remaining unexpended.

The motion was carried by a vote of 21 to 15.

The Hon. Mr. McMillan reported and stated that all the money referred to in the motion had been paid out of the revenue, and that the motion was carried by a vote of 21 to 15.

The motion was put and declared lost by a division. A similar vote befell the motion for a detailed statement of the financial standing of this province the representative body of this House should be reduced to thirty members."

[illegible]

Some of the speakers contended that purely secular system, others maintained the cause of separate schools and the cause of religious freedom. The present system was championed by others. The motion was equally fair alike to all. On Mr. Macdonald's motion being put it was lost by a vote of 34 to 4. The yeas being 185 yeas and 14 nays. The speaker then called on the rest of the house, excepting speaker, and Mr. Macdonald, who were absent. The reading of some bills the introduction of others the giving of notices by members, the adjournment till evening. In the reassembling of the house at 7 o'clock the speaker called on the committee on private bills was presented.

which a discussion followed on the right of rejection in the present form of the report of the select standing committee on public accounts, presented at the last session. Mr. Martin proposed that it be not considered, the speaker ruled out of order. The question was subsequently allowed to stand over until the end of the session, as it raised an important issue. It was then resolved itself into a committee of conference on liquor, and the amendment was dropped. The non-Sifton made some explanations. The vote, he said, very stringent flow and was made necessary by the frequent sale of liquor after hours and on Sunday. He asked for effective penalty that

years of a man's infection on a second conviction, less the influence of the law. These two convictions must be within three months apart and the two must be within a year. The conviction must be made by the district court or a justice of the peace, or by an informer. The license inspector will then determine the amount of discretion in convicting licensees. There is also a clause protecting the license holder against the removal of tenants. If he gets a tenant within three months a license will be allowed in his building. It was proposed at one time to make the license expire at the death of its holder, but this was opposed by one of his twenty nearest neighbors because he could get a yearly renewal but this is struck out. Mr. Sifton said that the bill would be a good one and that the law would be better enforced. The report of the committee on the bill to

The Hon. Mr. Cameron explained the nature of a bill to amend "An Act to incorporate the Winnipeg Waterworks, in said city and for other purposes connected therewith," which was read a second time without a division and passed. Mr. McTavish moved against it.

The following bills were passed in committee of the whole, and read the third time: A bill to amend "The Manitoba Land Surrender Commission Act," "The Surrogate Courts Act," "An Act to incorporate 'The Winnipeg Canal and Water Power Co.'," A bill "to protect Horse Breeders in the Province of Manitoba."

A number of bills were then read a second time and referred to the committee of the whole, of which a division was taken, and a motion for the reception of the same, and a resolution of the committee was carried, and the House adjourned.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9.

On the house assembling to-day, Mr. McTavish presented petitions from the Municipality of Odanah for a provincial system of water supply.

Mr. Graham presented the sixteenth report of the committee on law amendments.

Mr. Macdonald asked for production of Dalton McCarthy's opinion re Ryan and Hancy matter.

Mr. Martin rose to a question of privilege re his motion to amend the report of the public account committee, but his amendment was not sustained.

Mr. Fisher wished to know what the government proposed to do in regard to the relief of municipalities in the Western industrial District.

Hon. Mr. Sifton said before anything could be done it would be necessary to have a very full consultation with the mayor and representatives of the municipalities.

Hon. Mr. Sifton laid on the table the report of the department of education for 1902.

A discussion followed on the dismissal of the municipal commissioner of the secretary-treasurer of the municipality of Winnipeg.

Mr. Lyons moved for copy of a petition Charles Manna and others, asking aid open certain roads in the electoral division of Norfolk.

Mr. Sifton inquired whether it was the intention of the Government to give aid to the municipality of Morris, in attempting to adjust or reduce the railroad rates of said municipality.

Hon. Mr. Sifton replied that the latter matter was under the consideration of the Government.

Mr. Davidson asked if the same would be given to the municipality of Winnipeg.

Hon. Mr. Greenway replied in the affirmative.

A bill respecting the Manitoba and

The house went into committee on the motion to incorporate "The Life Assurance Company of Manitoba," and after debate referred back to the law amendments committee for certain amendments, on motion of Mr. Graham. The voting members were: Messrs. Hettie, Burrows, Morton, Smith, Rutherford, E. Winkler, W. Winkler, McNaught, Bird, Macdonald, Lyons, Pare, Davidson, Macdonald, Martin, Jerome, Armstrong, Macdonald, Kellett, Hartney—21. Greenway, Green, Sifton, and Watson—3. Present, 24. Absent, 11.

Macdonald raised a question of privilege, stating that a point had been taken by the hon. member for the absence in Brandon when a vote was taken on the school question. He wished to say that he was not in the habit of taking votes. If he had been present he would have voted with the majority. The member introduced a bill to amend "The Brandon General Hospital Act"; it received its first and second readings. The Hon. Mr. Watson gave notice of a motion in the following terms:

Whereas the protective policy of the Government of Canada has been in force in Canada for a period sufficient

[illegible]

ed with the matters herein recited, and it is the duty of the House to consider the welfare of the province and place itself on

country. Therefore this House declares its strong disapproval of the protective

Mr. Martin asked for a suspension of the rule re his motion regarding the public accounts to which Hon. Mr. Greenway objected.

At the evening session the municipal boundaries act amendments act was discussed upon which Mr. Bird delivered his maiden speech. Messrs. Armstrong,

Macdonald, McIntyre and Martin also took part in the discussion. After some time had been spent in the discussion, he bill received its third reading and passed by a close majority of a vote of 15 to 12. Mr. Martin moved that the House adjourn until Wednesday, which being put as a motion was carried.

Friday, March 10th

At the sitting of the House to-day some business having been taken pending the reports of committees presented, Hon. Mr. Greenway moved the third reading of the bill respecting aid to railroads. A discussion followed on the bill to construct a line of railway from the Dolphin in which Messrs. Fisher, Burrows, Macdonald, Macdonald, Huttie, Martin, Armstrong, Lyons, Rutherford and the Hon. Mr. Watson joined. The motion for the third reading was carried.

The bill to amend "The Life Assurance Company of Manitoba," was after amendment so as to provide that: "policies shall have no surrender value until after three years and after three payments have been made," was passed.

A bill to provide for certain matters the county of Beautiful Plains was read

The bill to amend "An Act to Incorporate the Grand General Hospital" was moved and the third reading was ordered.

The Hon. Mr. Watson then made his declaration condemning the present protective policy of the Dominion Government. Mr. Watson said he considered it the duty of the Government to express itself as to the interests of the province. The boards of trade, the congress of industry and other organizations had protested against the present tariff, and it was of the utmost importance to the future welfare of the province that the customs duties should be abolished, or if not abolished, lowered to the lowest possible amount.

Mr. Macdonald admitted that a revision of the tariff might take place with benefit,

He could not go length to the emotion. He said that the House would have a resolution that might be accepted by both sides of the House. He moved as an amendment: That all the words in the resolution after the first paragraph be struck out, and the following substituted: Whereas this House, while approving of reductions that have been made in tariff during the present session of Parliament, is of the opinion that further reduction would be injurious to the Province of Manitoba; therefore, this House declares that the protective tariff should be further revised, and that the Government should carefully review the requirements of the farming community of the province. A discussion followed, in which Messrs. Cameron, MacFisher, O'Malley and Rutherford took part. The resolution was then put to a vote by Messrs. Frame, Lyons, Pare, McDougall, Davidson, Macdonald, MacFadden, Armstrong, McFadden, and Hart. The resolution was carried.

14—Hon. Messrs. Greenway, Cam-  
 15—erly, Sifton, Watson and McMillan; Messrs.  
 16—Mickle, Coleclough, Campbell,  
 17—Atkinson, Burrows, McIntyre, Young,  
 18—Smith, Smith, Ford, E. Winkler,  
 19—Winkler, Duncan, Bird, McEadden,  
 20—and Fisher—28. —  
 21—The original motion was then put and  
 22—carried, the vote being the same as the  
 23—previous vote, with the exception that Mr.  
 24—Winkler, Smith and Ford, the minority  
 25—being voted with the majority, making the  
 26—yeas 24 to 11.  
 27—  
 28—Saturday, March 11.  
 29—The Speaker took the chair at 3 o-  
 30—clock this afternoon, when the first ses-  
 31—sion of the eighth legislature was progre-  
 32—ssed. After a short apologetic speech, the  
 33—Speaker asked for the order of the day,  
 34—and the following are the bills passed and  
 35—reported to by His Honor:

Administering oaths of office (pro  
of school lands in the Province of  
Saskatchewan.  
An act prohibiting the registration of  
notes, hire receipts and orders for  
rentals in registry and land titles offices.  
An act to amend the County Courts  
Act.  
An act to amend the Surrogate Courts  
Act.  
An act to amend the Public school act.  
An act to amend the Municipal Bound-  
aries act.  
An act to amend the Lunacy act.  
An act to amend the bills of sale act.  
An act to amend the liquor license  
act.  
An act to provide for the payment of  
session duties in certain cases.  
An act to amend the law respecting ac-  
cess to the records of the courts.  
An act to secure co-operation be-  
tween the courts and the police.

men in certain cases.  
An act respecting the public health  
An act to amend an act to authorize  
of Brandon to construct and oper-  
waterworks, in the said city and for  
purposes connected therewith.  
An act to amend the excise laws of  
An act to amend the foreign corpora-  
act.  
An act to amend the animals diseases  
An act to amend an act respecting  
Winnipeg Industrial Exhibition Asson-  
An act to amend the municipal act.  
An act to amend the devolution of  
An act to amend the electoral divi-  
An act to amend the church lands  
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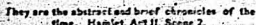
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a few minutes to spare and received a reply in the affirmative. "Then" he asked "could you mind doing a little figuring

Our summer pants are wore through the  
knees and the tailors are suspicious.  
The grocery boy said he had orders not

F. TRAVIS, Agent, ELKHORN.

Other information can be obtained at the  
Unipeg. Or from  
W. B SCARTH, Land Commissioner.

—BROADLEY'S HARDWARE STORE.—



# THE ADVOCATE.

THURSDAY, March 30, 1903.

## Leaders for Manitoba.

The Tribune is authority for the statement that Capt. Jonasson will go to Iceland in connection with immigration from that country to Manitoba. It says that from advice received it is probable that a thousand or fifteen hundred of these people will locate in Manitoba this year. Many more would come, but there have been depressive times in Iceland as elsewhere. Last year the export of sheep fell off to 40,000 or 50,000 head, whereas in former years it has been from 100,000 to 150,000 head. Capt. Jonasson will spend some time in Liverpool endeavoring to arrange for the purchase of a quantity of their surplus stock.

## A BURNED SHANTY.

The Fate of It's Owner is a Matter of Doubt.  
Edmonton Bulletin: Some time during the week before last, as two sons of John Whitford, of the Beaver Lake, were returning about ten miles east of Mr. Whitford's place on the east side of Beaver Lake, they came upon a ruined shanty in the woods with a cabin standing near it. The shanty had been built on the site of some trees falling on it. On looking inside the door the boys saw an eight shooting rifle and a shot gun, some kettles and other articles. When they were about to go, the roof had fallen down they noticed what appeared to have been a bed, but did not examine it, fearing that it might contain the remains of a human being. The accident to the shanty had evidently occurred a number of years ago, and no living person had been near the place after that. They took the guns and reported the matter to their father, F. W. W. Fane, J. P., who was informed of the affair and went out to investigate. The shanty is supposed to have been built by a white man who lived at Mr. Whitford's house in the fall of 1888, driving a horse and cart, and turned off from the lake at that point. He had passed the previous winter near Beaver Lake, and it was supposed that he had intended to pass the winter of 1888-9 in the same way. He had formerly worked on a survey party in the vicinity of Beaver Lake, and his name was known by some of the residents there. In 1889 a large bay horse with a bell on his neck was found by Indians south of Battle river, and was supposed to have belonged to the white man, but the man was never seen or heard of after he left the vicinity of Whitford's in the fall of 1888. Whether he was killed by the falling in of the roof of the shanty or left the country without taking his property with him will probably be decided by Mr. Fane's investigations.

## English Lady Cigarette Smokers.

Cigarette smoking is a recognized indulgence in many English ladies' habits. The habit has become so general that the present season has witnessed an even bolder innovation. At several fashionable dinner parties "ladies cigarettes" have been served with the gentlemen's cigarettes or cigars. The sale of ladies' cigarettes by tobacconists has been a recognized branch of trade. Although the habit has been increasing for several years, it is less than a year since the small, mild, gold-tipped little cylinders, openly marketed and sold as "ladies' cigarettes," have been on the market. A society journal recently accused the Empress of Russia and the Princess Maud, daughter of the Prince of Wales, of being leaders in the cultivation of the feminine appetite for nicotine. The proprietor of a fashionable cigar store, who may be described as the court tobacco expert, defends Princess Maud. He declares that she does not smoke, adding significantly that he would be pretty sure to know if she did. He says, however, that he knows plenty of society women who do, including at least one princess. On one occasion, however, the statement that it has become a rule of high society to serve ladies with cigarettes after dinner. It was not common for ladies to smoke in the company of men until recently. There has been an astonishing increase within a few months in the consumption of ladies' cigarettes, much to the advantage of tobacconists, who are, it is said, giving particular attention to the manufacture of a dainty article in order to meet the demand.

## AN INTERESTING FIND.

A Weather Beaten Parchment That Was Laid Away in a Corner Stone in '64.  
Three young boys, Roy Dier, Sam Atkinson and Fred McGrath, while playing among some foundations at the foot of Pandora street, Victoria, lately, came across two large stones cemented together. With no other motive than curiosity they pried them apart, and discovered that one of them had been hollowed out and contained some coins, documents, papers, etc., enclosed in a glass jar, which had been broken only recently, perhaps only when the stones had been separated.  
As was natural enough, not much heed was paid to the "find," but the boys divided the contents of the stone receptacle and each took home his prize. There was an English shilling of 1857, a shilling of 1859, a small gold piece and some blank sheets of paper, the writing having evidently been blotted out by time. Yet another relic—a parchment, stained and soiled, weatherbeaten and age worn—was there, and it was the link that binds the past to the present, and renders it possible to trace the discovery. This parchment bears date November 23rd, 1864, and is in a fairly good state of preservation, except as to one portion a few inches from the top. The writing upon it is perfectly legible. It was the original document, laid away on the date it bears, in the corner stone of the Victoria Female Infirmary. The story of how it came to be there is told in the Victoria Daily Chronicle of Nov. 24, 1864.

## REDUCED TO A SCIENCE.

The treatment of disease is now almost reduced to a science. A scientific product of medical skill for the cure of all blood diseases from a common simple to the worst scrofula sore which has held popular esteem for years and increases steadily in favor of Burdock Blood-Bitters. It cures scrofula in its worst.

"Did you ever get back the umbrella that you lent Brasher?" "Yes," "How?" "I borrowed it again." "From Brasher?" "No; from the man he lent it to."

# NOT A FANTASIE.

A feature worth noticing in regard to Burdock Blood Bitters is that it does not contain one particle of poisonous matter. It cures and cures quickly without the use of any injurious ingredients. B. B. B. is a purely vegetable specific for dyspepsia, constipation, bad blood, headache, biliousness and all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.

## R de W. WALLER.

COMMISSION AGENT.

AGENT FOR THE

Great West Life Assurance Company,

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM

PROPERTY.

IMPROVED FARMS FOR SALE.

Offices in Broadway's Block, Elkhorn.

## THE ORIGINAL MEAT MARKET.

Next to Broadway's Lumber Yard.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS AT

LOWEST POSSIBLE

PRICES.

BEST PRICES GIVEN

FOR

HIDES, WOOL, ETC.

B. MUTTON'S WELL KNOWN

SAUSAGES

Always on Hand.

T. D. CAVANAGH,

Proprietor.

English Lady Cigarette Smokers.

Cigarette smoking is a recognized

indulgence in many English ladies' habits.

The habit has become so general

that the present season has witnessed

an even bolder innovation. At several

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AN INTERESTING FIND.

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Laid Away in a Corner Stone in '64.

Three young boys, Roy Dier, Sam Atkinson

and Fred McGrath, while playing among

some foundations at the foot of Pandora



Young and Old

Can testify to the superiority of ROYAL

Soap Wrappers to Royal Crown Soap

Winnipeg, and get a beautiful picture,

14 x 22 inches. Sent free by mail.

## DR. WOOD'S

Norway Pine Syrup.

Rich in the lung-healing virtues of the Pine

combined with the cooling and expectorant

properties of other pectoral herbs and bark.

A PERFECT CURE FOR

COUGHS AND COLDS

Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat,

Whooping Cough, Croup, Influenza, and

LUNG DISEASES. Obsolete coughs which

resist other remedies yield promptly to this

pleasant pine syrup.

PRICE 50c. and 80c. PER BOTTLE.

40c. and 80c. PER BOTTLE.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

Dear Sirs.—I have used your Hag-

yard's Yellow Oil for many years, and

have found it unequalled for burns,

scalds, cuts, etc.

Mary A. Collett, Erie, Ont.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

When in despair of being cured of

lung troubles there is still a hope, and

a strong hope of perfect cure in

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. This

medicine cures even after all others

have failed, and no one suffering from

coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis,

hoarseness, etc., need despair, while

while Norway Pine Syrup is obtain-

able.

The Origin of the Waltz.

A young Australian traveller claims to

have discovered that the waltz was the

creation of neither a German nor a Swiss,

but of the ostriches of Africa. He asserts

that, such a morning at sunrise these

amiable birds assemble in groups and

begin a regular and graceful movement

which is none other than the waltz. The

chattering of the birds being the music.

ENDORSED BY ALL LEADERS.

When a remedy is endorsed by min-

isters, editors, merchants, farmers,

and leading men of all classes, it is a

strong evidence that such remedy has

great merit and does what is claimed

for it. Such a remedy is Burdock

Blood Bitters. Its wonderful success

as a cure for dyspepsia, bad blood,

etc., is well known to old and young.

Wait Till Trouble Comes.

A clever and charming old lady at a

fashionable resort said to her group of

girl admirers gathered for a talk: "My

dears, you wonder that nothing ever

knows have their troubles three times (I

used to have)—first in anticipation, next

in experiencing the reality and lastly in

living it all over again. But I have

Mr. Dobbin has been appointed mem-

ber of the advisory council of the wo-

man's branch of the Congress auxiliary

which is to convene in Chicago.

## THE Northwest Fire Insurance Co.

OF MANITOBA.

Charter granted, 1880. Organized, 1883.

Authorized Capital, \$500,000.

Deposited with the Manitoba Government,

\$10,000.

(Being the largest deposit of any local company

doing business in Manitoba.)

DIRECTORS:

DUNCAN MACARTHUR, President, Pres. Com.

HON. JOHN SUTHERLAND, Vice-Pres., Senator

W. R. ALLAN, of Allan, Brydges & Co.

HON. COLIN INKSTER, Sheriff.

J. A. THURTELL, Branch, Lumber Man, etc.

W. CLOUGHIER, Director Wm. Water Works Co.

G. W. GLENISTONE, Secretary and Manager:

HON. W. CLIFFORD, Auditor.

For eighteen months. For particulars see my

illustrated Catalogue, the first ever

issued in Winnipeg. If you see seeds, plants,

bulbs, or keep canary birds, don't fail to get it.

It will save money by doing without this

paper and address R. Alton, Winnipeg, Man.

RUPTURED PERSONS.—If you

are a first-class truss, write to C. Donnelly, 27

Spadina avenue, Toronto. He makes all kinds

and has the only instrument that will hold ru-

ptures perfectly under all circumstances and ad-

justions of the body. Every truss guaranteed. The

leading house for trusses, bandages, instruments

and electro-medical appliances. Mention this pa-

per.

THEY—

Edgington's Invisible Powders.

The Greatest Remedy in the world for Coughs,

Colds, Whooping Cough, Influenza, the first ever

issued in Winnipeg. If you see seeds, plants,

bulbs, or keep canary birds, don't fail to get it.

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paper and address R. Alton, Winnipeg, Man.

RUPTURED PERSONS.—If you

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## Great Northwest Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

Taking Effect TUESDAY, NOV. 1st, 1892.

WEST BOUND.

STATIONS.

11:45 a.m. Leave Winnipeg.

12:30 p.m. Arrive Portage la Prairie.